**FPS-557** 



# Sphaeropteris cooperi Australian Tree Fern<sup>1</sup>

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## Introduction

The Australian tree fern is a tropical, single-trunked, giant fern that can reach a height of 15 to 30 feet. It has long, bipinnately compound, lacy leaves that give it a fine texture. The 1- to 1 1/2-foot-long leaves form a handsome canopy and impart a tropical effect. The fern produces one trunk that is woolly or russet in appearance, and it may attain a diameter of 1 foot. This plant reproduces by spores found on the undersides of mature leaves.

### **General Information**

Scientific name: Sphaeropteris cooperi

**Pronunciation:** spheer-rop-TEER-riss KOOP-per-rye

**Common name(s):** Australian tree fern

Family: Cyatheaceae

Plant type: tree

**USDA hardiness zones:** 10B through 11 (Fig. 1)

Planting month for zone 10 and 11: year round

Origin: not native to North America

Uses: near a deck or patio; specimen; border; suitable

for growing indoors

Availability: generally available in many areas

within its hardiness range

# **Description**

Height: 12 to 18 feet

Spread: 8 to 15 feet

Plant habit: upright

Plant density: open

**Growth rate:** slow

Texture: fine

#### **Foliage**

Leaf arrangement: spiral

**Leaf type:** odd-pinnately compound

Leaf margin: entire

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Figure 1. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

**Leaf shape:** lanceolate

Leaf venation: none, or difficult to see

Leaf type and persistence: evergreen

Leaf blade length: less than 2 inches

Leaf color: green

Fall color: no fall color change

Fall characteristic: not showy

**Flower** 

Flower color: no flowers

Flower characteristic: no flowers

**Fruit** 

Fruit shape: no fruit

Fruit length: less than .5 inch

Fruit cover: dry or hard

Fruit color: no fruit

Fruit characteristic: no fruit

**Trunk and Branches** 

Trunk/bark/branches: no thorns; usually with one

stem/trunk

Current year stem/twig color: not applicable

Current year stem/twig thickness: not applicable

Culture

**Light requirement:** plant grows in the shade

Soil tolerances: acidic; sand; loam; clay

**Drought tolerance:** 

Soil salt tolerances: poor

Plant spacing: 36 to 60 inches

Other

**Roots:** usually not a problem

Winter interest: no special winter interest

Outstanding plant: plant has outstanding ornamental

features and could be planted more

**Invasive potential:** not known to be invasive

Pest resistance: long-term health usually not affected

by pests

# **Use and Management**

Australian tree fern is delightful as a specimen plant in a shaded garden. It is often planted around a shaded pool or small pond for the double image created on the water. This is a wonderful landscape plant where winter temperatures do not drop below freezing. It is sure to illicit a comment from friends and passersby.

Australian tree fern prefers fertile, well-drained, sandy loam soils. An area in the landscape that receives partial to full shade is best. This plant requires regular moisture, and it needs light fertilizing at regular intervals during the growing season.

Australian tree fern is propagated by sowing the spores found on the undersides of mature leaves.

#### **Pests and Diseases**

Australian tree fern is bothered by mites and mealy bugs, and termites may inhabit its trunk. It usually resists diseases.