FPS-346



Linum perenne 'Bright Eyes' Eyes Perennial Flax¹

Edward F. Gilman²

Introduction

Perennial flax produces blue flowers during June and July and grows 12 to 18 inches tall (Fig. 1).

General Information

Scientific name: Linum perenne 'Bright Eyes'

Pronunciation: LYE-num per-REN-nuh

Common name(s): 'Bright Eyes' perennial flax

Family: Linaceae

Plant type: herbaceous

USDA hardiness zones: 5 through 8 (Fig. 2)

Planting month for zone 7: year round

Planting month for zone 8: year round

Origin: not native to North America

Uses: edging; mass planting

Availability: somewhat available, may have to go out

of the region to find the plant



Figure 1. 'Bright Eyes' perennial flax

Description

Height: 1 to 2 feet

Spread: 1 to 2 feet

Plant habit: upright

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Edward F. Gilman, professor, Environmental Horticulture Department, Cooperative Extension Service, Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, University of Florida, Gainesville, 32611.

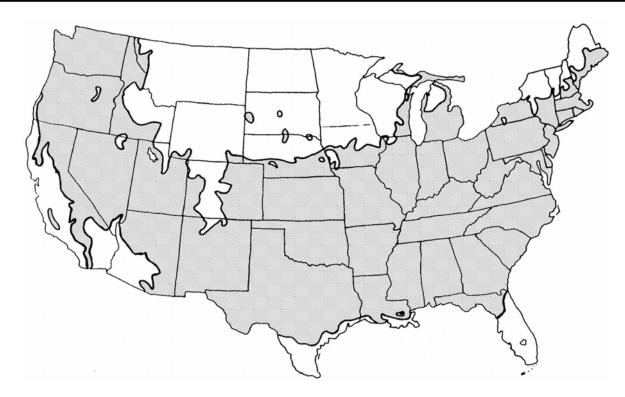


Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Plant density: open Flower

Growth rate: moderate Flower color: blue

Texture: fine Flower characteristic: summer flowering

Foliage Fruit

Leaf arrangement: alternate Fruit shape: unknown

Leaf type: simple Fruit length: unknown

Leaf margin: entire Fruit cover: unknown

Leaf shape: linear Fruit color: unknown

Leaf venation: none, or difficult to see
Fruit characteristic: inconspicuous and not showy

Leaf type and persistence: deciduous Trunk and Branches

Leaf blade length: less than 2 inches

Trunk/bark/branches: not applicable

Leaf color: green Current year stem/twig color: green

Fall color: no fall color change Current year stem/twig thickness: thin

Fall characteristic: not showy

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in part shade/part

sun; plant grows in the shade

Soil tolerances: slightly alkaline; occasionally wet;

acidic; sand; loam; clay

Drought tolerance:

Soil salt tolerances: unknown

Plant spacing: 12 to 18 inches

Other

Roots: not applicable

Winter interest: no special winter interest

Outstanding plant: not particularly outstanding

Invasive potential: may self-seed each year

Pest resistance: long-term health usually not affected

by pests

Use and Management

Pests and Diseases

Stem rot causes stem rotting. Infected plants have a cottony mold growing on the stem. The disease is caused by *Sclerotinia sclerotianum*.