

Adiantum spp. Maidenhair Fern¹

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Introduction

This extremely fine-textured, delicate, airy fern is a graceful addition to shady, moist outdoor landscapes or bright, indirect light locations indoors. Its light grey-green, soft foliage adds a quieting feeling to any landscape, particularly around a water feature in the garden. It is best planted in mass on two- to three-foot centers, but can be used as an edging or specimen in a small garden area. A North American native, maidenhair fern also makes an excellent groundcover, spreading easily on creeping stems.

General Information

Scientific name: Adiantum spp.

Pronunciation: ad-ee-AN-tum species **Common name(s):** maidenhair fern

Family: Adiantaceae

Plant type: perennial; herbaceous

USDA hardiness zones: 9 through 11 (Figure 1)

Planting month for zone 9: year round

Planting month for zone 10 and 11: year round

Origin: native to Florida

Uses: mass planting; container or above-ground planter;

ground cover; edging

Availablity: grown in small quantities by a small number of

nurseries

Description

Height: 2 to 3 feet Spread: 2 to 3 feet

Plant habit: weeping; round

Plant density: moderate
Growth rate: slow
Texture: fine

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: most emerge from the soil, usually without a stem



Figure 1. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Leaf type: odd-pinnately compound

Leaf margin: serrate

Leaf shape: orbiculate; ovate **Leaf venation:** parallel

Leaf type and persistence: evergreen **Leaf blade length:** less than 2 inches

Leaf color: green

Fall color: no fall color change

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Fall characteristic: not showy

Flower

Flower color: no flowers

Flower characteristic: no flowers

Fruit

Fruit shape: no fruit Fruit length: no fruit Fruit cover: no fruit Fruit color: no fruit

Fruit characteristic: no fruit
Trunk and Branches

Trunk/bark/branches: not applicable

Current year stem/twig color: not applicable Current year stem/twig thickness: not applicable

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in the shade

Soil tolerances: occasionally wet; clay; sand; acidic; loam

Drought tolerance: Soil salt tolerances: poor Plant spacing: 18 to 24 inches

Other

Roots: not applicable

Winter interest: no special winter interest

Outstanding plant: plant has outstanding ornamental

features and could be planted more

Invasive potential: not known to be invasive

Pest resistance: long-term health usually not affected by

pests

Use and Management

Needing above-average humidity, maidenhair fern grows in partial to full shade on well-drained soils with high organic matter but does not tolerate dry soil. The southern maidenhair and brittle maidenhair grow best in alkaline soils while others grow best in acid soils. It will cascade over the side of a container in a shady garden spot.

Some of the available species include: *Adiantum capillusveneris*, southern maidenhair, 1.5 feet tall; *A. hispidulum*, rosy maidenhair, one-foot-tall, young fronds rosy brown; *A. pedatum*, western maidenhair, 1 to 2.5 feet tall, most popular one grown; and *A. peruvianum*, silver dollar maidenhair, 1.5 feet or more tall, leaf segments quite large, up to 2 inches wide.

Propagation is by division or spores.

Pests and Diseases

Problems include scale, mites, mealy bugs, snails, and slugs, but are usually not serious.

Maidenhair fern is susceptible to root rot in soil that is kept too wet.