# Budgeting Costs and Returns for Central Florida Citrus Production, 2004-05 




#### Abstract

Estimated costs and returns of growing round oranges in the Central Florida citrus area are presented for the twenty-second consecutive year. The Central Florida citrus area refers primarily to Polk and Highlands counties. The format presented may be used by individual growers to budget costs and returns, utilizing individual data on specific groves.


Key words: citrus, Central Florida, budgeting, costs and returns.
NOTE: The Central Florida production area refers to Polk and Highlands counties. However, the costs presented in this report are applicable to other counties such as Hardee, Hillsborough, Lake and Orange counties.

The budgeted cost information presented herein is the most current available. The budget cost items have been revised to reflect current grove practices being used by growers-e.g., chemical mowing, different spray materials and rates of fertilization, microsprinkler irrigation, more reset trees, etc. The 2004-2005 budgets reflect major cost increases in all production inputs: fuel averaged a $22 \%$ increase; fertilizer products increased $15 \%$; chemicals averaged an $8 \%$ increase; and equipment operation costs increased $7 \%$. Along with the increased costs, three major hurricanes (storms) during August and September 2004 resulted in wide tree damage and fruit loss. The Indian River region experienced fruit loss of $70 \%$ to $80 \%$ on red and white grapefruit, respectively. Hamlin orange losses in the Central Florida (ridge) region were $30 \%$ to $40 \%$ with Valencia orange losses between $20 \%$ and $30 \%$. The only citrus growing region that was not significantly affected by the three storms was the Southwest Florida citrus region. As a result of the excessive fruit loss, the per box, per pound solid and per carton costs for the Indian River and Central (ridge) growing regions were substantially higher than in recent years.

The budget costs in this report represent a custom-managed operation. Therefore, all equipment costs are based on the average custom rate costs, and a 10 percent handling and supervision charge is added to the material cost.

Although the estimated annual per acre grove costs listed are representative for a mature citrus grove ( $10+$ years old), the grove care costs for a specific grove site may differ depending upon the tree age, tree density and the grove practices performed; e.g., spot herbicide for grass/brush regrowth under trees could add an additional $\$ 15.34$ per acre; Diaprepes control could add $\$ 84.18$ per acre for each foliar application; extensive tree loss due to blight or tristeza could substantially increase the tree replacement and care costs; spray applications to control citrus leafminer and nematicide applications such as Temik ( $\$ 131.11 /$ acre ) could increase the total cultural costs per acre above the average costs shown in the comparative budgets; travel and set-up costs may vary due to size of the citrus grove and distance from the grove equipment barn and could add $\$ 28.86$ per acre; etc.

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# BUDGETING COSTS AND RETURNS FOR CENTRAL FLORIDA CITRUS PRODUCTION, 2004-05 

Ronald P. Muraro and W. C. Oswalt

## INTRODUCTION

Budget analysis provides the basis for many grower decisions. Budget analysis can be used to calculate potential profits from an operation, to determine cash requirements for an operation, and to determine break-even prices. This report presents a budget constructed from current data and serves as a format for growers to analyze costs and returns from their individual records. During the 1980's, several freezes occurred which changed the character of the Central Florida citrus production area. The December 1983 and January 1985 freezes caused extensive tree and acreage losses in north central counties such as Lake and Orange counties. The December 1989 freeze resulted in severe tree damage and tree loss in North and Central Polk County. Thus, Central Florida in this report refers primarily to Polk and Highlands counties.

The 2004-2005 budgets reflect major cost increases in all production inputs: fuel averaged a $22 \%$ increase; fertilizer products increased $15 \%$; chemicals averaged an $8 \%$ increase; and equipment operation costs increased 7\%. Along with the increased costs, three major hurricanes (storms) during August and September 2004 resulted in wide tree damage and fruit loss. The Indian River region experienced fruit loss of $70 \%$ to $80 \%$ on red and white grapefruit, respectively. Hamlin orange losses in the Central Florida (ridge) region were $30 \%$ to $40 \%$ with Valencia orange losses between $20 \%$ and $30 \%$. The only citrus growing region that was not significantly affected by the three storms was the Southwest Florida citrus region. As a result of the excessive fruit loss, the per box, per pound solid and per carton costs for the Indian River and Central (ridge) growing regions were substantially higher than in recent years.

## METHOD OF DATA COLLECTION

The data presented here were developed by surveying custom operators, input suppliers, growers, colleagues at the Citrus Research and Education Center in Lake Alfred, and County Extension Citrus Agents in the Central Florida production region. The survey is conducted annually in February and March.

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## COSTS AND INPUTS

Costs for various production inputs are those collected from citrus growers as well as the average of the data obtained from annual custom rate, chemical, and fertilizer surveys. Growers' costs are shown in the ADDENDA, Tables 1-A through 7-A. The custom rate costs are shown in Table 8-A and the various chemical and fertilizer costs are shown in Table $9-\mathrm{A}$ and 10-A in the ADDENDA. The budget costs represent a custom-managed operation. Therefore, all equipment costs are based upon the average custom-rate costs and a 10 percent handling and supervision charge is added to the material cost.

Although brand names are used in many of the tables in the ADDENDA, this does not imply endorsement by the University of Florida. It is merely an attempt to depict typical production practices.

All tables have a column reserved for the individual growers to insert data from a particular grove allowing a comparison of the grower's costs with those presented.

## THE GROVE SITUATION

Production practices for a Central Florida round orange grove are shown in Table 1 with times during the year when they would likely be performed. There are two benefits to developing such a table for an individual grove. First, it shows what work is needed and when, so that operations can be planned well in advance. Second, it can be helpful if an annual cash flow analysis is developed to plan financing. The individual grower may benefit from developing a plan for a particular grove.

Specific production practices vary from grove to grove making it difficult to define a "typical" grove. Many combinations of practices and various tree variety combinations produce acceptable yields and returns. Although the example represents a Valencia orange grove, the cost and return data are designed to be applicable to most grove situations. A grower, realtor, or land appraiser can substitute individual grove costs and expected returns into the budget format and develop a budget for a particular grove. A "your cost" column is appropriately provided for this purpose in subsequent tables.

In the following budget, above average management and cultural practices are assumed. Beyond this general assumption, the following specifics are assumed.

1. A $10+$ year-old, low volume-irrigated grove;
2. Variety is Valencia round orange;
3. Tree loss is 3 percent annually;
4. Trees are pulled and replaced when production falls below 50 percent of expected yield;
5. Production is for processed use;
6. Tree density is 112 trees per acre; and
7. Custom-caretaker is providing grove management.

|  | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| Total revenue: |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 20 \% \\ \text { deposit } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | 50\% <br> Partial payment |  |  |  |  |  |  | Final payment |
| Less: Pick \& haul cost |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DOC advertisement tax |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grove expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disc |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |
| Chop |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mow |  |  |  |  | X |  | X |  | X |  |  |  |
| Labor, general grove work, pull vines | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |
| Herbicide ( $1 / 2$ grove acre equivalent) |  |  | X |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Spray: Post bloom/nutritional |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Summer oil/greasy spot |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fall miticide |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |
| Supplemental miticide |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dust |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fertilizer |  |  | N/A |  |  | N/A |  |  |  |  | N/A | Dolomite |
| Hedging and topping |  |  | Hedge |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brush removal/chop brush |  |  | hop brus |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tree removal |  |  | X | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Young tree care |  |  | X | X |  | X | X |  | X |  |  |  |
| Microjet irrigation (times/week) | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Miscellaneous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grove taxes including water management |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |
| Interest expense |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |
| Annual principal payment on mortgage |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0]As a result of tree losses and replacement, the tree ages will vary. The budget reflects the following age distribution:

|  | Situation | Yield <br> Boxes/tree |
| ---: | :--- | :---: |
| $3 \%$ | pulled and reset | 0.0 |
| $3 \%$ | 1 year old | 0.0 |
| $3 \%$ | 2 years old | 0.0 |
| $3 \%$ | 3 years old | 0.7 |
| $3 \%$ | 4 years old | 0.9 |
| $45 \%$ | 5-19 years old | 4.0 |
| $3 \%$ | producing 50\% of expected yield | 2.9 |
| $37 \%$ | mature producing | 5.5 |

Calculation of normal production per acre is shown in Table 2. Note that the proportion-of-trees-by-age column only adds to 91 percent since 9 percent of the trees are non-bearing. The impact of the three hurricanes in 2004 is reflected in a $25 \%$ reduction in normal yields.

Table 2.--Calculation of normal production per acre, 2004-05

| Age of Tree |  |  | Trees |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 30 x e s \\ & \text { /tree } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | Total boxes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total no. all ages |  | Proportion ea. age ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | No. ea. age |  | ----- |  | ---- |
| 3 years | 112 | x | 0.03 | = | 3.4 | X | 0.7 | $=$ | 2.4 |
| 4 years | 112 | X | 0.03 | = | 3.4 | X | 0.9 | $=$ | 3.1 |
| 5-19 years | 112 | x | 0.45 | = | 50.4 | X | 4.0 | = | 201.6 |
| Prod. 50\% of exp. yield | 112 | X | 0.03 | $=$ | 3.4 | X | 2.9 | $=$ | 9.9 |
| 20 years | 112 | X | 0.37 | $=$ | 41.4 | X | 5.5 | = | $\underline{227.7}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total boxes |  |  | = | $\underline{444.7}$ |
| Yields adjusted to 75\% of normal yields due to three hurricanes in 2004. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 333.5 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Proportion adds up to 0.91 ( 91 percent) as 9 percent of the trees were non-bearing (pulled and reset, 1 and 2 year old trees).

## BUDGET COSTS AND RETURNS

The estimated budget costs and returns for the Central Florida grove situation are shown in Table 3. The budgeted costs represent one possible citrus production program and were selected from the costs shown in the ADDENDA tables. The gross revenue estimates are based on the projected yields in Table 3 and estimated preliminary on-tree prices for the 2004-05 season. Reset costs, alternative cost scenarios, harvesting and packing charges can be found in Tables 11-A through 14-A in the ADDENDA.

Also, historical on-tree prices for selected Florida citrus varieties are shown in Table 15-A of the ADDENDA.

As shown in Table 3, the total revenue for processed-market Valencia oranges is estimated to be $\$ 1,425.24$ per acre. Total specified costs are $\$ 895.43$ and are comprised of grove care costs of $\$ 847.43$, plus management cost of $\$ 48.00$. Return to land and trees of $\$ 529.81$ represents net return above variable costs. At 300 and 500 boxes per acre, respectively, the break-even price required to cover grove care costs for Valencia oranges range from $\$ 2.83$ to $\$ 1.70$ per box on-tree and $\$ 0.81$ to $\$ 0.64$ per pounds solids delivered-in.

Ad valorem taxes, and overhead and administrative costs (such as water drainage district taxes, crop insurance, and other grower assessments) can add up to 12 percent to the total grove care costs. These costs vary from grove to grove depending on age, location, variety of fruit, etc. and should be considered in arriving at net return to land, trees and ownership (total return minus total costs). Harvest costs (pick, roadside, and hauling costs) also add to the total fruit cost delivered to either a processing plant or fresh fruit packinghouse. Also, average annual debt payment (principal and interest) may be as high as $\$ 440$ per acre ( $\$ 3,750$ average debt per acre @ 10 percent interest amortized over 20 years) which would reduce total available cash for grove expansion or other investment.

Estimated "delivered-in" costs are shown for processed oranges in Table 4. "Delivered-in" costs include grove care costs (Table 3) plus harvesting, regulatory, and grower assessment costs. The "delivered-in" cost is presented as a cost per acre, per box, and per pound solids. Three possible budget cost scenarios are presented (Refer to Table 11-A): 1) Low Cost Processed Cultural Program; 2) Reduced Cost Cultural Program; and 3) Typical/Historical Cultural Program. Scenarios 1 and 2 represent costs of two possible cultural programs directed toward reducing the expenditures for fruit grown primarily for the processed market. The third scenario represents typical costs of grove practices which have been performed for citrus grown for the fresh/processed fruit market. Modified herbicide and/or spray and fertilizer programs account for the reduced costs. NOTE: Before modifying a grove management program to reduce costs, an evaluation of the market program (processed or fresh), yield, and specific cultural problems (nutrition, disease, etc.) for the specific grove site should be made.

## HISTORICAL COST TRENDS

Annual costs and returns for mature, processed Valencia oranges in the Central Florida area have been developed and published the past four years. Estimated cost and return histories for 2000-01 through 2003-04 along with 2004-05 and a five-year average are presented in Table 5. To allow comparisons in current values, these same costs and returns, adjusted to 2005 dollars, are presented in Table 6 .

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Although the estimated annual per acre grove costs shown in Table 3 are representative for a mature Central Florida Valencia orange grove, the grove care costs for a specific grove site may differ depending upon the grove practices performed; e.g., a Temik application would add $\$ 131.11$ per acre; extensive tree loss due to blight or tristeza would double the tree replacement and care costs; travel and set-up costs may vary due to size of citrus grove and distance from the grove equipment barn.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ On-tree price per box is preliminary; assumes price for processed oranges only.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Assumes material custom applied; therefore, a 10 percent handling and supervision charge is added to material cost.
${ }^{\text {d }}$ Other methods to estimate a management cost--e.g., $5 \%$ of gross revenue or $10 \%$ of total grove care costs--are used in the industry. Other selected methods will give a different return to land and trees than reported here

Other cost items which are not included in the budget are ad valorem taxes and interest on grove investment. In addition to these cost items, overhead and administrative costs, such as water drainage/district taxes, crop insurance, and other grower assessments, can add up to 12 percent to the total grove care costs. These costs vary from grove to grove depending on age, location, and time of purchase or grove establishment.
${ }^{\mathrm{f}}$ Assumes 6.7 pounds solids per box and $\$ 2.348$ pick and haul cost per box (including canker decontamination costs) and Department of Citrus advertising assessment of $\$ 0.165$ per box.

Table 4. Estimated total delivered-in cost for Central Florida (Ridge) Valencia oranges grown for the processed market under three cultural cost programs, 2004-05

| Represents a mature (10+ years old) Central Florida (Ridge) Orange Grove | Processed Valencia Orange <br> Low Cost <br> Cultural Program |  |  | Processed Valencia Orange Cultural Program |  |  | Fresh/Processed Valencia Orange Historical Cost Cultural Program |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$/Acre | \$/Box | \$/P.S. | \$/Acre | \$/Box | \$/P.S. | \$/Acre | \$/Box | \$/P.S. |
| Total Production/Cultural Costs | \$ 756.81 | 2.266 | \$0.3382 | \$ 847.43 | \$2.537 | \$0.3787 | \$985.77 | \$2.951 | \$0.4405 |
| Interest on Operating (Cultural) Costs | 20.81 | 0.062 | 0.0093 | 23.30 | 0.070 | 0.0104 | 27.11 | 0.081 | 0.0121 |
| Management Costs | 48.00 | 0.144 | 0.0214 | 48.00 | 0.144 | 0.0214 | 48.00 | 0.144 | 0.0214 |
| Taxes/Regulatory Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property Tax and Water Management Tax | 61.87 | 0.185 | 0.0276 | 61.87 | 0.185 | 0.0276 | 61.87 | 0.185 | 0.0276 |
| Canker Decontamination Costs | 5.52 | 0.017 | $\underline{0.0025}$ | 5.52 | $\underline{0.017}$ | $\underline{0.0025}$ | 5.52 | $\underline{0.017}$ | $\underline{0.0025}$ |
| Total Direct Grower Costs | \$ 893.01 | \$2.674 | \$0.3991 | \$ 986.12 | \$2.952 | \$0.4407 | \$1,128.26 | \$3.378 | \$0.5042 |
| Interest on Average Capital Investment Costs | 321.22 | $\underline{0.962}$ | \$0.1435 | 321.22 | $\underline{0.962}$ | $\underline{0.1435}$ | 321.22 | $\underline{0.962}$ | $\underline{0.1435}$ |
| Total Grower Costs | \$1,214.22 | \$3.635 | \$0.5426 | \$1,307.34 | \$3.914 | \$0.5842 | \$1,449.48 | \$4.340 | \$0.6477 |
| Harvesting and Assessment Costs: <br> Pick/Spot Pick, Roadside \& Haul and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 784.23 | 2.348 | 0.3504 | 784.23 | 2.348 | 0.3504 | 784.23 | 2.348 | 0.3504 |
| DOC Assessment | 55.11 | $\underline{0.165}$ | $\underline{0.0246}$ | 55.11 | $\underline{0.165}$ | $\underline{0.0246}$ | 55.11 | $\underline{0.165}$ | $\underline{0.0246}$ |
| Total Harvesting and Assessment Costs | 839.34 | 2.513 | 0.3751 | 839.34 | 2.513 | 0.3751 | 839.34 | 2.513 | 0.3751 |
| Total Delivered-In Cost | \$2,053.57 | \$6.148 | \$0.9177 | \$2,146.68 | \$6.427 | \$0.9593 | \$2,288.82 | \$6.853 | \$1.0228 |
| P.S. $=$ Pound Solids | Refer to cultural program shown in Table 11-A. |  |  | Refer to cultural program shown in Table 3. |  |  | Refer to cultural program shown in Table 11-A. |  |  |
| Yield: 333 boxes/acre @ 6.7 P.S. per box 112 trees per acre | Only summer oil sprays with oil, copper and Agri-mek \& Nutritionals. |  |  |  |  |  | A Fall Miticide Spray added to the cultural program shown in Table 3. |  |  |

Table 5.--Estimated annual per acre costs and returns and 5-year average costs and returns for a mature, Valencia orange grove producing citrus for processing in the Central Florida area, 2000-01-2004-05

| Year | On-tree price/box ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Yield | Gross <br> revenue | Total grove care expenses | Total specified costs ${ }^{\text {f }}$ | Net return to land, trees, and ownership |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Dollars |  |  |  |
| 2000-01 | \$3.70 | $436{ }^{\text {d }}$ | 1,613.20 | $758.85^{\text {e }}$ | 806.85 | 806.35 |
| 2001-02 | \$4.17 | 446 | 1,859.82 | 767.77 | 815.77 | 1,044.05 |
| 2002-03 | \$3.80 | 446 | 1,694.80 | 777.69 | 825.59 | 869.21 |
| 2003-04 | \$3.67 | $476{ }^{\text {c }}$ | 1,746.92 | 774.18 | 822.18 | 924.74 |
| 2004-05 | \$4.28 ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | $333^{\text {d }}$ | 1,425.24 | 847.43 | 895.43 | 529.81 |
| 5-yr. avg. | \$3.93 | 427 | 1,678.11 | 785.19 | 833.19 | 844.92 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ On-tree prices for processed oranges only as reported by the Florida Agricultural Statistics Service.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Preliminary estimate at time of printing published by FASS.
${ }^{c}$ Higher per acre yield is due to increased statewide production of Valencia oranges in 2003-04 season.
${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ The severe drought affected yields for the 2000-01 season and three hurricanes reduced yields $25 \%$ in 2004-05.
${ }^{\mathrm{e}}$ Began using two summer oil sprays (one with nutritionals) in budget estimates.
${ }^{\mathrm{f}}$ A management cost of $\$ 4.00$ per acre per month is included. Fixed costs such as taxes, debt service, and crop insurance are not included.

Table 6.--Estimated annual per acre costs and returns and 5-year average costs and returns (adjusted to 2005 dollars) for a mature, Valencia orange grove producing citrus for processing in the Central Florida area, 2000-01-2004-05

| Year | Inflation factor index ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Adjusted on-tree price/box | Yield | Gross revenue | Total specified costs ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Net return to land, trees, and ownership |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ----- | ------- Dollars | ------- |
| 2000-01 | 117.9 | \$4.37 | 436 | 1,905.32 | 951.28 | 954.04 |
| 2001-02 | 120.7 | \$5.04 | 446 | 2,247.84 | 984.64 | 1,263.20 |
| 2002-03 | 114.6 | \$4.36 | 446 | 1,944.56 | 946.13 | 998.43 |
| 2003-04 | 107.9 | \$3.96 | 476 | 1,884.96 | 887.14 | 997.82 |
| 2004-05 | 100.0 | \$4.28 | 333 | 1,425.24 | 895.43 | 529.81 |
| 5-yr. avg. | - | \$4.41 | 427 | 1,883.07 | 932.93 | 950.14 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Producer price index for each year adjusted to 2005 prices $(2005=100)$, with 2005 producer price index estimated to be 158.2 . Producer price index for other years are: $2001=134.2 ; 2002=131.1 ; 2003=138.1 ;$ and $2004=146.7$.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ A management cost of $\$ 4.00$ per acre per month is included. Fixed costs such as taxes, debt service, and crop insurance are not included. (Refer to Table 5.)

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| $\mathrm{B}=$ Boron | $\mathrm{Fe}=$ Iron | $\mathrm{Mn}=$ Manganese | $\mathrm{Zn}=$ Zinc |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{Cu}=$ Copper | $\mathrm{Mg}=$ Magnesium | $\mathrm{N}=$ Nitrogen |  |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ The costs in the ADDENDA represent a custom managed operation. Therefore, all equipment costs
are based upon the average custom rate costs and a 10 percent handling and supervision charge is
added to the material cost.

Table 1-A.--Spray programs

POST BLOOM SPRAY

| Spray Program \#1 | Materials/Ingredients | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oil 97+\% | 5 gals | \$12.30 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{Cu}(50 \%$ metallic) | 10 lbs | 5.60 |  |
|  | Zn | 5 lbs | 4.60 |  |
|  | Mn | 10 lbs | 3.60 |  |
|  | Ground Application (PTO driven airblast) | 125 gals | $\underline{24.15}$ |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$60.25 |  |
| Spray Program \#2 | $\underline{\text { Materials/Ingredients }}$ | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
| (Scab/melanose) | $\mathrm{Cu}(50 \%$ metallic) | 10 lbs | \$15.60 |  |
|  | Zn | 5 lbs | 4.60 |  |
|  | Mn | 10 lbs | 3.60 |  |
|  | Micromite 25WP | 1.25 lbs | 42.65 |  |
|  | Ground Application (PTO driven airblast) | 125 gals | $\underline{24.15}$ |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$90.60 |  |
| Spray Program \#3 | Materials/Ingredients | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
|  | $\mathrm{Cu}(50 \%$ metallic) <br> Agri-Mek | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \mathrm{lbs} \\ & 10 \mathrm{ozs} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 23.40 \\ 48.60 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | Ground Application (engine driven airblast) | 250 gals | 30.30 |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$102.30 |  |
| Spray Program \#4 | Materials/Ingredients | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
|  | Vendex 50WP | 2 lbs | \$32.70 |  |
|  | Zn | 5 lbs | 4.60 |  |
|  | Mn | 10 lbs | 3.60 |  |
|  | Ground Application (PTO driven airblast) | 125 gals | $\underline{24.15}$ |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$65.05 |  |

Table 1-A.--Spray programs (cont'd.)

POST BLOOM SPRAY (cont'd.)

| Spray Program \#5 | Materials/Ingredients | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Scale insects) | Lorsban 4EC | 5 pts | \$23.50 |  |
|  | Ground Application (engine driven airblast) | 500 gals | 32.25 |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$55.75 |  |

SUMMER SPRAY

| Spray Program \#6 | Materials/Ingredients | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oil 97+\% | 5 gals | \$12.30 |  |
|  | Cu (50\% material) | 7 lbs | 10.92 |  |
|  | Micromite | 1.25 lbs | 42.65 |  |
|  | Ground Application (PTO driven airblast) | 250 gals | $\underline{30.30}$ |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$96.17 |  |
| Spray Program \#7 | Materials/Ingredients | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
|  | Oil 97+\% | 5 gals | \$ 12.30 |  |
|  | Agri-Mek | 10 ozs | 48.60 |  |
|  | Cu (50\% material) | 7 lbs | 10.92 |  |
|  | Ground Application (engine driven airblast) | 250 gals | 30.30 |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$102.12 |  |
| Spray Program \#8 | Materials/Ingredients | Amount /Acre | $\underline{\text { Cost/Acre }}$ | Your Cost/Acre |
|  | Oil 97+\% | 5 gals | \$12.30 |  |
|  | Micromite | 1.25 lbs | 42.65 |  |
|  | Cu (50\% material) | 7 lbs | 10.92 |  |
|  | Ground Application (PTO driven airblast) | 125 gals | $\underline{24.15}$ |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$90.02 |  |

Table 1-A.--Spray programs (cont'd.)

SUMMER SPRAY (cont'd.)

| Spray Program \#9 | Materials/Ingredients | Amount $\qquad$ | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oil 97+\% | 7 gals | \$17.22 |  |
|  | Ground Application (engine driven airblast) | 250 gals | 30.30 |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$47.52 |  |
| Spray Program \#10 | Materials/Ingredients | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
|  | $\mathrm{Cu}(50 \%$ metallic) | 7 lbs | \$10.92 |  |
|  | Oil 97+\% | 5 gals | 12.30 |  |
|  | Zn | 5 lbs | 4.60 |  |
|  | Mn | 10 lbs | 3.60 |  |
|  | B | 0.25 lbs | 1.34 |  |
|  | Ground Application (PTO driven airblast) | 125 gals | $\underline{24.15}$ |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$56.91 |  |

FALL SPRAY

| Spray Program \#11 | Materials/Ingredients <br> Vendex 50WP | Amount <br> /Acre | Your <br> Ground Application <br> (PTO driven airblast) | 125 gals <br> Cost/Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total per Application |  |  |  |  |


| Herbicide Program \#1 | Materials | Amount/ <br> Treated Acre | Cost/ <br> Grove Acre ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Your Cost/ Grove Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Strip/band) | Solicam 80 DF | 3 lbs | \$23.51 |  |
|  | Karmex WP | 4 lbs | 8.52 |  |
|  | Roundup Ultra Max | 2 qts | 8.02 |  |
|  | Ground Application (1 time) |  | $\underline{14.00}$ |  |
|  | Total for 1 Application |  | \$ $\underline{\underline{4.05}}$ |  |
| Herbicide Program \#2 (Strip/band) | Materials | Amount/ <br> Treated Acre | Cost/ Grove Acre ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Your Cost/ Grove Acre |
|  | Mandate | 2 pts | \$22.85 |  |
|  | Direx 4L | 3 qts | 6.84 |  |
|  | Roundup Ultra Max | 2 qts | 8.02 |  |
|  | Ground Application (1 time) |  | $\underline{14.00}$ |  |
|  | Total for 1 Application |  | \$51.71 |  |
| Herbicide Program \#3 (Strip/band) | Materials | Amount/ Treated Acre | Cost/ Grove Acre ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Your Cost/ Grove Acre |
|  | Karmex WP | 4 lbs | \$ 8.52 |  |
|  | Roundup Ultra Max | 2 qts | 8.02 |  |
|  | Ground Application (1 time) |  | $\underline{14.00}$ |  |
|  | Total for 1 Application |  | \$30.54 |  |
| Herbicide Program \#4 (Strip/band) | Materials | Amount/ Treated Acre | Cost/ <br> Grove Acre ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Your Cost/ Grove Acre |
|  | Roundup Ultra Max | 2 qts | \$ 8.02 |  |
|  | Ammonium Sulfate | 17 lbs | 1.49 |  |
|  | Ground Application (1 time) |  | $\underline{14.00}$ |  |
|  | Total for 1 Application |  | \$23.51 |  |
| Herbicide Program \#5 (Strip/band) | Materials | Amount/ <br> Treated Acre | Cost/ <br> Grove Acre ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Your Cost/ Grove Acre |
|  | Roundup Ultra Max Princep (Caliber 90) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{qts} \\ & 4 \mathrm{lbs} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 8.02 \\ 7.24 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | Ground Application (1 time) |  | $\underline{14.00}$ |  |
|  | Total for 1 Application |  | \$29.26 |  |

Table 2-A.-Herbicide (cont'd.)

| Herbicide Program \#6 | Materials | Amount/ Treated Acre | Cost/ <br> Grove Acre ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Your Cost/ Grove Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Strip/band) | Direx 4L | 3 qts | \$ 6.84 |  |
|  | Solicam | 3 lbs | 23.51 |  |
|  | Roundup Ultra Max | 2 qts | 8.02 |  |
|  | Ground Application (1 time) |  | $\underline{14.00}$ |  |
|  | Total for 1 Application |  | \$52.37 |  |
| Herbicide Program \#7 | Materials | Amount/ Treated Acre | Cost/ <br> Grove Acre ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Your Cost/ Grove Acre |
| (Spot herbicide for grass/brush regrowth under trees.) | Roundup Ultra Max | 2 qts | \$ 8.02 |  |
|  | Ground Application (1 time) | 15 gals | 7.32 |  |
|  | Total for 1 Application |  | \$15.34 |  |

${ }^{a}$ With respect to herbicide materials, Amount Per Grove Acre does not equal Amount Per Treated Acre shown on the label. Only a strip or band is being treated. In this report, it is assumed that only one-half of a grove surface is being treated.

Table 3-A.--Dry fertilizer

| Program \#1 | Analysis/Material Applied | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (162 lbs N/Acre) | 12-2-12-2.4 MgO | $1350 \mathrm{lbs}$ | \$151.20 |  |
|  | Application | 3 times | 26.91 |  |
|  | Total for 3 Applications |  | \$178.11 |  |
| Program \#2 <br> (180 lbs N/Acre) | Analysis/Material $\qquad$ Applied | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | $\begin{gathered} \text { Your } \\ \text { Cost/Acre } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 16-0-16-4 MgO | 1125 lbs | \$148.50 |  |
|  | Application | 3 times | 26.91 |  |
|  | Total for 3 Applications |  | \$175.41 |  |
| Program \#3 <br> (204 lbs N/Acre) | Analysis/Material $\qquad$ Applied | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your <br> Cost/Acre |
|  | 16-0-16-4 MgO | 1275 lbs | \$168.30 |  |
|  | Application | 3 times | 26.91 |  |
|  | Total for 3 Applications |  | \$195.21 |  |
| Program \#4 <br> (225 lbs N/Acre) | Analysis/Material $\qquad$ Applied | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your <br> Cost/Acre |
|  | 15-2-15-2.4 MgO | 1500 lbs | \$187.50 |  |
|  | Application | 3 times | 26.91 |  |
|  | Total for 3 Applications |  | \$214.41 |  |

Table 4-A.--Liquid fertilizer (Double boom application)

| Program \#1 | Analysis/Material $\qquad$ Applied | Amount /Acre | $\underline{\text { Cost/Acre }}$ | Your Cost/Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (180 lbs N/Acre) | 10-0-10 | 1800 lbs | \$167.40 |  |
|  | Double Boom Application | 3 times | 47.22 |  |
|  | Total for 3 Applications |  | \$214.62 |  |
| Program \#2 | Analysis/Material $\qquad$ Applied | Amount /Acre | $\underline{\text { Cost/Acre }}$ | Your Cost/Acre |
| (180 lbs N/Acre) | 10-2-10 | 1800 lbs | \$176.40 |  |
|  | Double Boom Application | 3 times | 47.22 |  |
|  | Total for 3 Applications |  | \$223.62 |  |
| Program \#3 | Analysis/Material $\qquad$ Applied | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
| (180 lbs N/Acre) | 10-0-10 | 1800 lbs | \$167.40 |  |
|  | Solicam 80 DF | 3 lbs* | 23.51 |  |
|  | Karmex WP | $4 \mathrm{lbs} *$ | 8.52 |  |
|  | Double Boom Application | 3 times | 47.22 |  |
|  | Total for 3 Applications |  | \$246.65 |  |
|  | *Treated acre (one herbicid | ication) |  |  |

Table 5-A.--Nematicides

| Program \#1 | Analysis/Material Applied | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your Cost/Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Temik 15G | 33 lbs | \$116.16 |  |
|  | Application |  | 14.95 |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$ $\underline{\underline{131.11}}$ |  |
| Program \#2 | Analysis/Material $\qquad$ Applied | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your <br> Cost/Acre |
|  | Temik 15G | 17 lbs | \$59.84 |  |
|  | Application |  | 14.95 |  |
|  | Total per Application |  | \$74.79 |  |

Table 6-A.--Soil amendment

| Program \#1 | Analysis/Material Applied | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | Your <br> Cost/Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Every 3 years) | Dolomite (Delivered) | 1 ton | \$36.05 |  |
|  | Application | 1 time | 9.39 |  |
|  | Total for 1 Application |  | \$45.44 |  |
|  | (Average 1/3 Ton Applied/Yr) |  | \$15.15 |  |
| Program \#2 | Analysis/Material $\qquad$ Applied | Amount /Acre | Cost/Acre | $\begin{gathered} \text { Your } \\ \text { Cost/Acre } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| (Every 4 years) | Dolomite (Delivered) | 1 ton | \$36.05 |  |
|  | Application | 1 time | 9.39 |  |
|  | Total for 1 Application |  | \$45.44 |  |
|  | (Average 1/4 Ton Applied/Yr) |  | \$11.36 |  |

Table 7-A.--Irrigation--annual cost per acre
PERMANENT OVERHEAD

|  | Program \#1 | Your Cost/Acre | Program \#2 | Your Cost/Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating | (Electric) |  | (Diesel) |  |
|  | \$146.69 |  | \$119.15 |  |
| Maintenance of System | 44.98 |  | 47.17 |  |
| Total Cash Expenses | \$191.67 |  | \$166.33 |  |
| Fixed Depreciation Expense | 55.73 |  | 59.54 |  |
| Total Cash and Fixed Expenses | \$247.40 |  | \$222.06 |  |

MICROSPRINKLER

|  | Program \#3 | Your Cost/Acre | Program \#4 | Your Cost/Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating | (Electric) |  | (Diesel) |  |
|  | \$ 70.60* |  | \$ 59.44* |  |
| Maintenance of System | 49.08 |  | 50.17 |  |
| Total Cash Expenses | \$119.68 |  | \$109.61 |  |
| Fixed Depreciation Expense | 52.94 |  | 56.56 |  |
| Total Cash and Fixed Expenses | \$172.62 |  | \$166.17 |  |

[^1]Table 8-A.--A listing of 2005 custom rates reported by twenty-five Ridge citrus caretakers


Table 8-A.--A listing of 2005 custom rates reported by twenty-five Ridge citrus caretakers (cont'd.)

| Grove Practice | Unit | Range Repo | $\begin{aligned} & \text { f Rate } \\ & \text { ted } \end{aligned}$ | Average Rate ${ }^{y}$ | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REMOVING TREES: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tree Shearing (Cutting Tree at Ground Level) | Hour | \$50.00- | \$70.00 | \$61.25 | Average trees sheared: 5 to 20 trees/hour |
| Front-end Loader | Hour | 50.00- | 65.00 | 57.63 | Average trees removed: 5 to 15 trees/hour |
| Bulldozer | Hour | - | - | 50.00 |  |
| Front-end Loader with Tree Spade | Hour | - | - | 65.00 |  |
| PRUNING: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power Saw with Operator | Hour | \$17.00- | \$27.25 | \$ 21.08 | Plus transportation; Average \$7.00/hour without operator |
| Limb Lifter/Tree Skirt Trimmer (Double Sided) | Hour | - | - | 180.00 | Cover 8-12 acres one pass |
| Hedging: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Double Side (Tractor Pulled) | Hour | 85.00- | 100.00 | 91.32 | Cover 3-5 acres/hour |
| Double Side (Tractor Mounted) | Hour | - | - | 280.00 |  |
| Single Side (Self Propelled) | Hour | 65.00- | 77.00 | 71.00 |  |
| Double Side (Self Propelled) ${ }^{\text {x }}$ | Hour | $330.00-$ | 340.00 | 336.25 | Cover 10-25 acres/hour depending on wood size |
| Double Side (Self Propelled) ${ }^{\text {x }}$ | Hour | 190.00- | 250.00 | 216.67 | Cover 4-12 acres/hour depending on wood size |
| Topping: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tractor Pulled | Hour | - | - | 280.00 | Cover 5-7 acres/hour |
| Tractor Pulled | Hour | - | - | 105.00 | Cover 1-3 acres/hour |
| Self Propelled | Hour | 375.00- | 418.00 | 396.50 | Cover 5-10 acres/hr (Roof Top); 5-20 acres/hr (Flat Top) |
| Self Propelled | Hour | 190.00- | 250.00 | 230.00 |  |
| Removing Brush: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Haul Brush out of Grove | Hour | 32.50- | 47.00 | 40.63 | Tractor-trailer/truck; plus 2 people |
| Front-end Loader (Push Brush) | Hour | 50.30- | 65.00 | 58.43 | 2-10 acres/hour |
| Chop/Mow Brush | Hour | 31.00- | 47.25 | 36.62 | 3-6 acres/hour; Average \$11.63/acre |
| COLD PROTECTION: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical (Bank and Unbank) | Hour | \$ - | \$- | \$ 28.75 |  |
| Install Wraps | Each | 0.35- | 0.50 | 0.43 |  |
| Annual Maintenance Costs | Tree | 0.30- | 0.50 | 0.37 |  |
| OTHER CUSTOM RATES: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plant Resets | Per Tree | \$ 2.00- | \$ 3.00 | \$ 2.55 | Stake, plant and first watering |
| Solid Set Planting | Per Tree | 1.50- | 1.75 | 1.55 | Stake, plant and first watering |
| Travel/Setup Charge | Hour | - | - | 33.33 | Average for those reporting |
| Grove Management Charge/Month: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supervising Grove Care Operations | Acre | $2.00-$ | 6.00 | 3.38 | In addition to caretaking charges; One reporting 6\% of |
| Handling Fruit Marketing | Box | 0.10- | 0.30 | 0.17 | \equipment labor charge |
| Supervising/Handling Chemicals/Fertilizer | $15 \%$ to $25 \%$ of materials cost |  |  |  |  |
| Charge for personnel to oversee harvesting operations and coordinate harvest in different blocks/groves and keeping of harvesting labor compliance record. | 10¢/box to 20¢/box; average 14¢/box |  |  |  | Note: One reporting adding a $5 \%$ fuel surcharge on all billed equipment charges. |
| Consulting | Cultural Management/Horticultural Evaluation - $\$ 50 / \mathrm{hr}$ to $\$ 300 / \mathrm{hr}$ Financial Analysis Prospectus - $\$ 100 / \mathrm{hr}$ to $\$ 300 / \mathrm{hr}$ |  |  |  |  |

Total Reported Acreage Provided Grove Service to:

Acre $\quad 800-15,603 \quad 3,445$ Total acres reporting: 68,895
${ }^{\text {z }}$ Plus materials. Caretakers reporting rates include labor, tractor and sprayer; supply truck included by most caretakers.
${ }^{y}$ Calculated by dividing the total number of caretakers reporting a grove practice rate into the sum reported. Unless otherwise stated, labor included with all charges.
${ }^{\mathrm{x}}$ Low acres is for 2 years regrowth hedging; high acres is for annual maintenance hedging.
Source: Ronald P. Muraro, Extension Farm Management Economist, Lake Alfred CREC, July 2005.

Table 9-A.--2005 summary of average chemical price estimates

| Item |  | Unit | Average Price | Your Price (2005) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fungicides: | Abound EC | gal. | 218.12 |  |
|  | Aliette 80WP | lb . | 11.59 |  |
|  | Basic Copper Sulfate | lb . | 1.40 |  |
|  | Copper (Kocide 101) | lb . | 1.80 |  |
|  | Copper (Kocide 2000) | lb . | 2.33 |  |
|  | Copper (Champ II Flowable) | gal. | 22.55 |  |
|  | Cuprofix Disperss | lb . | 1.75 |  |
|  | Nu-Cop 50 DF | lb . | 1.88 |  |
|  | Enable | gal. | 57.55 |  |
|  | Gem 25 | 40 ozs. | 120.59 |  |
|  | Headline EC | gal. | 206.13 |  |
|  | Oil - 435 or 455 | gal. | 2.21 |  |
|  | Oil - 470 (Bio-lever) | gal. | 2.46 |  |
|  | Ridomil Gold EC | gal. | 649.15 |  |
|  | Safe-T-Oil | gal. | 3.15 |  |
|  | Topsin | lb . | 14.08 |  |
| Insecticides/Nematicides: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Admire 2F | gal. | 520.28 |  |
|  | Agri-Mek (0.15EC) | gal. | 563.52 |  |
|  | Award Fire Ant Bait | 1 l . | 9.01 |  |
|  | Bio-Vector | gal. | 412.50 |  |
|  | Carbaryl 4L | gal. | 27.25 |  |
|  | Carbaryl 80S | lb . | 4.47 |  |
|  | Chlorpyrifos 4E | gal. | 57.26 |  |
|  | Danitol | gal. | 147.58 |  |
|  | Guthion 2L | gal. | 32.48 |  |
|  | Guthion 50WP | lb . | 10.07 |  |
|  | Imidan 70W (Diaprepes) | lb . | 8.25 |  |
|  | Lorsban 4EC | gal. | 34.15 |  |
|  | Lorsban 15G | lb . | 1.72 |  |
|  | Malathion 5 EC | gal. | 25.18 |  |
|  | Micromite 80 WG | gal. | 87.95 |  |
|  | Microthiol | lb . | 0.70 |  |
|  | Nexter 75WP | lb . | 89.56 |  |
|  | Provado 1.6 F (nursery) | gal. | 417.75 |  |
|  | Sevin 80S | lb . | 5.17 |  |
|  | Sevin XLR | gal. | 30.96 |  |
|  | Spintor 2 S C | gal. | 492.50 |  |
|  | Sulphur 6F | gal. | 4.00 |  |
|  | Temik 15G | lb . | 3.20 |  |
|  | Vendex 50W | lb . | 14.86 |  |
|  | Vydate | gal. | 56.28 |  |

Table 9-A.--2005 summary of average chemical price estimates (cont'd.)

| Item |  | Unit | Average <br> Price | Your Price (2005) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Herbicides: | Aqua Master | gal. | 48.39 |  |
|  | Diuron 4L | gal. | 16.04 |  |
|  | Direx 4L | gal. | 16.50 |  |
|  | Direx 80 DF | lb . | 3.87 |  |
|  | Fusilade DX 2E | gal. | 131.14 |  |
| Glyphosate: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Glyphomax Plus | gal. | 18.22 |  |
|  | Roundup (Original) | gal. | 23.60 |  |
|  | Roundup - Ultra Max | gal. | 29.12 |  |
|  | Roundup Weather Max | gal. | 50.16 |  |
|  | Roundup Original Max | gal. | 43.50 |  |
|  | Touchdown | gal. | 37.05 |  |
|  | Gramoxone E (Paraquat) | gal. | 37.53 |  |
|  | Hyvar X 80 WP | lb . | 18.93 |  |
|  | Karmex 80 DF | lb . | 3.87 |  |
|  | Krovar I | lb . | 11.38 |  |
|  | Landmaster II | gal. | 18.66 |  |
|  | Mandate 2E | gal. | 166.09 |  |
|  | Pendimax | gal. | 24.37 |  |
|  | Poast Plus 1.0 EC | gal. | 52.50 |  |
|  | Princep (Caliber 90) | lb . | 3.29 |  |
|  | Princep 4L | gal. | 14.51 |  |
|  | Prowl | gal. | 22.12 |  |
|  | Simazine 90 DF | lb . | 2.80 |  |
|  | Simazine 4L | gal. | 13.66 |  |
|  | Solicam 80 DF | lb . | 14.24 |  |
|  | Simtrol |  | 19.00 |  |
|  | Surflan | gal. | 81.64 |  |
| Growth Regulators: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Citrus Fix | gal. | 494.00 |  |
|  | Pro-Gibb 3.91\% | 20 oz. bottle | 33.16 |  |
|  | Tree-Hold | gal. | 79.17 |  |
| Other Spray Materials: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Borates (15\%) | lb. | 0.70 |  |
|  | Manganese (32\%) | lb . | 0.32 |  |
|  | Zinc (78\%) | lb . | 0.83 |  |
|  | Adjuvant (Surfactant) | gal. | 23.59 |  |

SOURCE: Ronald P. Muraro, Extension Farm Management Economist, University of Florida, IFAS, CREC, Lake Alfred, Florida, August 2005.

Table 10-A.--2005 summary of average fertilizer price estimates

|  |  | Average | Your Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Unit | Price | $(2005)$ |

FERTILIZER (FOB Price @ Plant)

|  | \$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dry Mix (Bulk) |  |  |  |
| $17-0-17-3_{\mathrm{Mg}}$ | ton | 238.82 |  |
| $17-4-17-2.4{ }_{\mathrm{Mg}}$ | ton | 243.35 |  |
| 16-0-16 | ton | 218.35 |  |
| $16-0-16-4_{\mathrm{Mg}}$ | ton | 239.49 |  |
| $16-2-16-3_{\mathrm{Mg}}$ | ton | 240.45 |  |
| $15-2-15-2.4{ }_{\text {Mg }}$ | ton | 224.47 |  |
| $12-2-12-2.4{ }_{\text {Mg }}$ | ton | 201.02 |  |
| 8-8-8 w/minors* | ton | 182.90 |  |
| 8-4-8 w/minors* | ton | 170.29 |  |
| 8-2-8 w/minors* | ton | 162.12 |  |
| 6-6-6 w/minors* | ton | 159.99 |  |
| Liquid Mix (Bulk) |  |  |  |
| 8-2-8 | ton | 151.53 |  |
| 8-4-8 | ton | 159.73 |  |
| 9-3-9 | ton | 166.33 |  |
| 9-4-9 | ton | 172.47 |  |
| 10-0-10 | ton | 166.62 |  |
| 10-2-10 | ton | 176.25 |  |
| 12-0-6 | ton | 166.89 |  |
| 12-3-6 | ton | 180.25 |  |
| 7-0-0-6 (Magnesium Nitrate) | ton | 218.00 |  |

[^2]Table 10-A.--2005 summary of average fertilizer price estimates (cont'd.)

|  |  | Average | Your Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Unit | Price | $(2005)$ |

Other Fertilizer Materials (Bulk)

| Ammonium Nitrate (21\% N Liquid) | ton | 179.88 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ammonium Nitrate (33.5\% N Dry) | ton | 259.38 |
| Ammonium Sulfate ( $21 \%$ N) | ton | 152.94 |
| Calcium Nitrate ( $19 \% \mathrm{Ca}, 15.5 \% \mathrm{~N}$ ) | ton | 288.13 |
| Dolomite (at mine--49\% $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}, 36 \% \mathrm{MgCO}_{3}$ ) | ton | 19.75 |
| Muriate of Potash ( $60 \% \mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ) | ton | 242.29 |
| Potassium Nitrate ( $14 \% \mathrm{~N} ; 46 \% \mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ) | ton | 453.57 |
| Sul-Po-Mag (SPM--21.9\% $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ) | ton | 202.43 |
| Super Phosphate ( $20 \% \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ ) | ton | 214.25 |
| Triple Superphosphate ( $48 \% \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ ) | ton | 242.92 |
| Average Delivery Cost | ton | 14.32 |

Foliar Macronutrients
Phos Might 0-22-20
Nutriphite Magnum 2-40-16
MKP (0-52-34) (Mono-Potassium Phosphate)
RSA ActaPhos 0-28-25
gal. 24.29 $\qquad$
gal.
35.00 $\qquad$
lb.
0.80 $\qquad$
gal.
18.00 $\qquad$

Peter's 20-20-20 Foliar
MZF
lb.
0.54 $\qquad$
gal.
6.53 $\qquad$
Slow Release Nitrogen (SRN)
CitriBlen

| 15-3-19 | ton | 245.15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17-5-12 | ton | 237.50 |
| 18-6-11 | ton | 243.80 |
| Sulfur Coated Urea (SCU) | ton | 586.80 |
| Agriform 20-10-5 (500 tablets/box) | box | 40.00 |

SOURCE: Ronald P. Muraro, Extension Farm Management Economist, University of Florida, IFAS, CREC, Lake Alfred, Florida, August 2005.

Table 11-A.--A listing of estimated comparative Central Florida (Ridge) citrus production costs per acre for oranges, 2004-2005 ${ }^{2}$

| Costs represent a mature ( $10+$ years old) Central Florida (Ridge) Orange Grove. | Low Cost Processed Cultural Program One-Year Alternative | Processed and Reduced Fresh Cost Cultural Program | Typical/Historical <br> Fresh Fruit <br> Cultural Program |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PRODUCTION/CULTURAL COSTS: ${ }^{\text {y }}$ |  |  |  |
| Weed Management/Control: |  |  |  |
| Discing (2 times per year) | \$ 20.16 | \$ 20.16 | \$ 20.16 |
| Mechanical Mow Middles (4 times per year) | 42.28 | 42.28 | 42.28 |
| General Grove Work (2 labor hours per acre) | 26.86 | 26.86 | 26.86 |
| Herbicide ( $1 / 2$ tree acre treated): |  |  |  |
| Application (4 glyphosate or 2 residual applications) | \$56.00 | \$28.00 | \$28.00 |
| Material | 32.08 | 77.76 | 77.76 |
| Spot Treatment (Material/application) | - | 15.34 | 15.34 |
| Total Herbicide Cost | 88.08 | 121.10 | 121.10 |
| Spray: |  |  |  |
| Summer Oil \#1 (Processed @ 125 GPA) or |  |  |  |
| Post Bloom (Fresh @ 150 GPA): |  |  |  |
| Application | - | 24.15 | 24.15 |
| Material | - | 65.87 | 66.45 |
| Total Summer Oil \#1 or Post Bloom Cost | 24.15 - | 90.02 | 90.60 |
| Summer Oil \#2: Application (PTO - 125 GPA) | 24.15 | 24.15 | 30.30 |
| Material | $75.4{ }^{\text {w }}$ | 32.76 | 71.82 |
| Total Summer Oil \#2 Cost | 99.56 | 56.91 | 102.12 |
| Supplemental Fall Miticide: |  |  |  |
| Application (PTO - 150 GPA) | - | - | 24.15 |
| Material | - | - | $\underline{11.55}$ |
| Total Supplemental Fall Miticide Cost | - | - | 35.70 |
| Fertilizer (Bulk): 3 Applications | 26.91 | 26.91 | 26.91 |
| Material (16-0-16-4 MgO @ 204 lbs N per acre) | $\underline{168.30}$ | $\underline{168.30}$ | $\underline{168.30}$ |
| Total Fertilizer Cost | 195.21 | 195.21 | 195.21 |
| Dolomite (one ton applied every 4 years) |  |  |  |
| Material/Application | 11.36 | 11.36 | 11.36 |
| Pruning: Topping ( $\$ 39.65 / \mathrm{A} \div 2.5 \mathrm{yrs})^{\text {v }}$ | 15.86 | 15.86 | 15.86 |
| Hedging ( $\$ 33.63 / \mathrm{A} \div 2 \mathrm{yrs})^{v}$ | 16.82 | 16.82 | 16.82 |
| Chop/Mow Brush after Hedging (\$9.70/A $\div 2 \mathrm{yrs})^{v}$ | 4.87 | 4.87 | 4.87 |
| Total Pruning Cost | 37.55 | 37.55 | 37.55 |
| Tree Replacement--1 thru 3 years of age: ( 3 trees/acre) |  |  |  |
| Remove Trees: Pull, Stack \& Burn 3 Trees with Front-end Loader | 15.22 | 15.22 | 15.22 |
| Prepare Site \& Plant Tree (Includes 3 reset trees) | 34.80 | 34.80 | 34.80 |
| Supplemental Fertilizer, Tree Wraps Maintenance, Sprout, Etc. (Trees 1-3 years old) | 19.56 | 29.79 | 29.79 |
| Total Tree Replacement Cost | 69.58 | 79.81 | 79.81 |
| Irrigation: Microsprinkler System" | $\underline{166.17}$ | $\underline{166.17}$ | 166.17 |
| IRRIGATED PROCESSED FRUIT PRODUCTION COSTS | \$756.81 | \$847.43 |  |
| Fall Miticide: Application (125 GPA) |  | 24.15 | 24.15 |
| Material |  | 32.70 | 32.70 |
| Total Fall Miticide Cost |  | 56.85 | 56.85 |
| IRRIGATED FRESH FRUIT PRODUCTION COSTS |  | \$904.28 | \$985.77 |

${ }^{2}$ The listed estimated comparative costs are for the example grove situation described in the Economic Information Report Series entitled: "Budgeting Costs and Returns for Central Florida Citrus Production" and may not represent your particular grove situation in Central Florida.

SOURCE: Ronald P. Muraro, University of Florida-IFAS, Citrus Research and Education Center, Lake Alfred, FL, August 2005.

Table 12-A.--Estimated cost of planting and maintaining a reset citrus tree through three years of age, Central Florida area, August 2005

|  | Resets/Replacement Trees Per Acre |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1-2 | 3-5 | 6-10 | 11-25 | 26+ |
|  | ---------------- \$ Cost Per Tree ----------------- |  |  |  |  |
| Tree Removal | 6.67 | 5.34 | 4.45 | 3.56 | 2.67 |
| Plant Reset Tree |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tree Cost (Container Tree) | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.35 | 4.35 | 4.35 |
| Plant Tree and First Watering (Custom Charge) | $\underline{2.93}$ | 2.55 | $\underline{2.17}$ | 1.84 | 1.57 |
| Total Planting Costs | 7.43 | 7.05 | 6.52 | 6.19 | 5.92 |
| $\underline{\text { Site Preparation }}{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disk Tree Site | 2.65 | 2.31 | 1.96 | 1.67 | 1.42 |
| Rotovate | $\underline{2.65}$ | $\underline{2.31}$ | $\underline{1.97}$ | 1.67 | $\underline{1.42}$ |
| Total Site Preparation | 5.30 | 4.62 | 3.93 | 3.34 | 2.84 |
| Total Planting and Site Preparation Costs | 12.73 | 11.67 | 10.45 | 9.53 | 8.76 |
| Supplemental Maintenance Year \#1 | 4.13 | 3.82 | 3.59 | 3.39 | 3.19 |
| (Trees 1-3 years old) Year \#2 | 3.79 | 3.39 | 2.96 | 2.59 | 2.27 |
| (Fertilizer, Tree Wraps, Sprout, etc.) Year \#3 | 3.07 | $\underline{2.73}$ | $\underline{2.34}$ | $\underline{2.01}$ | $\underline{1.73}$ |
| Total Supplemental Maintenance Costs | 10.99 | 9.94 | 8.89 | 7.99 | 7.19 |
| Summary of Tree Replacement Costs | 1 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Tree Removal Costs | 6.67 | 5.34 | 4.45 | 3.56 | 2.67 |
| Planting and Site Preparation Costs | 12.73 | 11.67 | 10.45 | 9.53 | 8.76 |
| Supplemental Maintenance Costs (Years 1 thru 3) | $\underline{10.99}$ | $\underline{9.94}$ | 8.89 | 7.99 | 7.19 |
| Total Three-Year Cumulative Costs | $\underline{\underline{30.39}}$ | $\underline{\underline{26.95}}$ | $\underline{\underline{23.79}}$ | $\underline{\underline{21.08}}$ | $\underline{\underline{18.62}}$ |

${ }^{a}$ Fumigate planting site would cost approximately $\$ 2.50$ per tree.

Source: Ronald P. Muraro, Farm Management Economist, CREC, Lake Alfred, FL, August 2005.

Table 13-A.-- Estimated average picking, roadsiding and hauling charges for Florida citrus, 2004-05

|  | Fresh Fruit |  |  | Processed Fruit |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Range | Average |  | Range | Average |
|  |  | \$/Box | \$/Box |  | \$/Box | \$/Box |
| $\underline{\text { Picking Charges: }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Early and Mid-Season Oranges | 0.70 | - 1.75 | 0.954 | 0.65 | - 1.05 | 0.829 |
| Valencia Oranges | 0.70 | - 1.25 | 0.938 | 0.65 | - 1.25 | 0.870 |
| Pink/Red Grapefruit | 0.60 | - 1.25 | 0.739 | 0.55 | - 1.25 | 0.669 |
| White/Marsh Grapefruit | 0.60 | - 1.25 | 0.744 | 0.55 | - 1.25 | 0.667 |
| Temples/Tangelos | 0.85 | - 1.65 | 1.163 | 0.80 | - 1.50 | 1.043 |
| Tangerines | 1.25 | - 2.00 | 1.529 | 1.00 | - 1.70 | 1.204 |
| Add for Spot Picking | 0.10 | - 0.50 | 0.314 |  | - | - |
|  | Fresh Fruit |  |  | Processed Fruit |  |  |
|  | Range |  | Average | Range |  | Average |
|  | \$/Box |  | \$/Box | \$/Box |  | \$/Box |
| $\underline{\text { Roadsiding Charges: }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Early and Mid-Season Oranges | 0.60 | - 1.15 | 0.895 | 0.65 | - 1.17 | 0.817 |
| Valencia Oranges | 0.67 | - 1.12 | 0.899 | 0.65 | - 1.17 | 0.836 |
| Pink/Red Grapefruit | 0.65 | - 1.03 | 0.840 | 0.65 | - 1.20 | 0.796 |
| White/Marsh Grapefruit | 0.65 | - 1.03 | 0.854 | 0.65 | - 1.20 | 0.789 |
| Temples/Tangelos | 0.70 | - 1.35 | 1.003 | 0.75 | - 1.23 | 0.890 |
| Tangerines | 0.75 | - 1.35 | 1.095 | 0.85 | - 1.70 | 1.054 |
|  | Fresh Fruit |  |  | Processed Fruit |  |  |
|  | All Varieties |  |  | All Varieties |  |  |
|  | \$/Box |  |  | \$/Box |  |  |
| $\underline{\text { Hauling Charges: }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0-30 miles | 0.417 |  |  | 0.393 |  |  |
| 31-50 miles | 0.512 |  |  | 0.464 |  |  |
| 51-80 miles | 0.573 |  |  | 0.515 |  |  |
| 81-100 miles | 0.640 |  |  | 0.632 |  |  |
| $100+$ miles | 0.746 |  |  | 0.728 |  |  |

Table 14-A.--Estimated Average Packing Charges for Florida Citrus, 2004-05 ${ }^{\text {a }}$

|  | Domestic Grapefruit | Export Grapefruit | Oranges | Temples/ <br> Tangelos | Tangerines |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Packing Charge ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | --------- | \$/Carton <br> 4.192 | -------- | ------- |
|  | 3.835 | 4.245 |  | 4.495 | 5.056 |
|  |  |  | \$/Box |  | ------ |
| Drenching Charge | 0.178 | 0.178 | 0.186 | 0.186 | 0.186 |
| Packinghouse Elimination Charges | 0.594 | 0.594 | 0.571 | 0.571 | 0.571 |
| Hauling Charges for Eliminations | 0.425 | 0.425 | 0.410 | 0.410 | 0.410 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Packing charges represents a total of nine citrus packinghouses from both the Indian River and Interior production regions.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Total Packing Charge includes the following items:

1. Materials including mesh/plastic bags, labels/Price Lookup Codes (PLUs), etc.
2. Includes supervisor/foreman labor, grading, palletizing, shipping and general labor. Includes payroll taxes, workers' compensation, ground insurance, etc.
3. Other direct packing costs include: fruit treating; power, lights and water; repairs maintenance; miscellaneous supplies; etc.
4. Indirect packing costs include such items as: insurance-fire and casualty; taxes and licenses; depreciation and rent.
5. General and Administrative (G\&A) costs include: office personnel (payroll taxes, w/comp); packinghouse and general manager; office supplies; telephone; etc.
6. Selling Expenses which include sales salaries, travel, telephone and telegraph and brokerage fees.
7. Special assessments include such items as: advertising taxes; inspection fees; a Florida Citrus Packers tax; and a Citrus Administrative Committee (CAC) tax.

SOURCE: Ronald P. Muraro, University of Florida-IFAS, Citrus Research and Education Center, Lake Alfred, FL, September 2005.

Table 15-A.--Historic prices ${ }^{\text {a }}$ for selected citrus varieties

| Crop year | Variety |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Early ${ }^{\text {b }}$ and mid ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$-season oranges | Late season oranges ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Temple oranges | All <br> Tangerines | Tangelos | Seedless grapefruit ${ }^{\text {e }}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (white) | (colored) |
| 1961-62 | \$1.93 | \$1.81 | \$2.17 | \$2.04 | \$3.36 | \$0.68 | \$0.86 |
| 1962-63 | 2.17 | 3.50 | 3.09 | 3.02 | 4.66 | 1.29 | 1.81 |
| 1963-64 | 4.43 | 4.45 | 4.45 | 3.18 | 4.83 | 2.24 | 2.54 |
| 1964-65 | 2.57 | 2.28 | 2.77 | 2.68 | 4.00 | 1.51 | 1.82 |
| 1965-66 | 1.44 | 1.79 | 1.80 | 2.14 | 2.85 | 1.39 | 1.64 |
| 1966-67 | 0.81 | 1.08 | 0.88 | 1.06 | 1.64 | 0.73 | 0.94 |
| 1967-68 | 1.86 | 2.28 | 2.79 | 4.29 | 3.22 | 2.05 | 2.48 |
| 1968-69 | 1.56 | 1.83 | 2.22 | 2.55 | 2.47 | 0.98 | 1.15 |
| 1969-70 | 1.15 | 1.13 | 1.47 | 2.23 | 1.13 | 1.72 | 1.92 |
| 1970-71 | 1.10 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 1.88 | 1.04 | 1.89 | 2.15 |
| 1971-72 | 1.98 | 2.11 | 1.95 | 2.97 | 1.69 | 2.27 | 2.69 |
| 1972-73 | 1.43 | 1.71 | 1.95 | 2.37 | 1.39 | 2.06 | 2.53 |
| 1973-74 | 1.38 | 1.59 | 1.64 | 2.82 | 1.25 | 1.58 | 2.12 |
| 1974-75 | 1.46 | 1.82 | 1.68 | 3.05 | 1.45 | 1.55 | 2.59 |
| 1975-76 | 1.69 | 1.88 | 1.79 | 3.02 | 1.42 | 1.29 | 2.23 |
| 1976-77 | 1.89 | 2.63 | 2.16 | 3.29 | 1.42 | 1.49 | 2.04 |
| 1977-78 | 3.90 | 4.40 | 3.92 | 4.79 | 3.29 | 1.47 | 2.09 |
| 1978-79 | 4.44 | 4.95 | 4.89 | 4.99 | 3.90 | 2.21 | 3.13 |
| 1979-80 | 3.59 | 3.89 | 2.89 | 4.25 | 2.87 | 3.12 | 3.80 |
| 1980-81 | 3.67 | 4.63 | 4.21 | 5.45 | 3.92 | 3.46 | 4.22 |
| 1981-82 | 4.27 | 4.29 | 4.01 | 6.23 | 3.58 | 1.92 | 2.80 |
| 1982-83 | 4.88 | 5.41 | 3.99 | 7.57 | 4.37 | 1.51 | 3.20 |
| 1983-84 | 5.09 | 6.72 | 5.34 | 5.93 | 4.28 | 2.08 | 4.05 |
| 1984-85 | 7.30 | 6.88 | 5.59 | 15.91 | 7.08 | 3.02 | 4.84 |
| 1985-86 | 3.92 | 3.97 | 3.01 | 12.69 | 4.06 | 3.56 | 4.98 |
| 1986-87 | 4.56 | 6.02 | 3.60 | 10.92 | 3.72 | 4.45 | 5.80 |
| 1987-88 | 6.72 | 8.73 | 5.69 | 12.99 | 5.58 | 5.35 | 5.93 |
| 1988-89 | 6.63 | 8.41 | 5.46 | 12.64 | 6.31 | 4.33 | 4.71 |
| 1989-90 | 6.01 | 6.53 | 5.64 | 15.28 | 5.10 | 5.21 | 6.30 |
| 1990-91 | 5.38 | 6.58 | 6.31 | 17.10 | 6.11 | 4.59 | 6.85 |
| 1991-92 | 5.44 | 6.65 | 6.51 | 18.00 | 7.16 | 6.46 | 6.87 |
| 1992-93 | 3.23 | 3.88 | 2.99 | 13.75 | 3.31 | 2.22 | 3.11 |
| 1993-94 | 3.76 | 4.61 | 2.73 | 9.83 | 2.38 | 3.23 | 3.38 |
| 1994-95 | 3.25 | 4.41 | 3.47 | 11.98 | 2.64 | 2.58 | 1.66 |
| 1995-96 | 3.62 | 5.57 | 4.44 | 12.59 | 3.63 | 2.14 | 1.77 |
| 1996-97 | 3.18 | 4.07 | 3.22 | 7.99 | 2.19 | 1.12 | 1.91 |
| 1997-98 | 2.81 | 4.88 | 3.07 | 8.49 | 1.66 | 0.93 | 1.50 |
| 1998-99 | 4.35 | 5.58 | 5.12 | 12.07 | 4.53 | 1.95 | 2.65 |
| 1999-00 | 3.19 | 4.33 | 2.55 | 6.67 | 2.52 | 3.87 | 3.36 |
| 2000-01 | 2.60 | 4.02 | 2.05 | 6.40 | 1.27 | 2.07 | 2.28 |
| 2001-02 | 2.88 | 4.20 | 2.19 | 7.81 | 2.47 | 1.96 | 2.54 |
| 2002-03 | 2.62 | 3.85 | 2.01 | 8.40 | 2.60 | 1.59 | 2.79 |
| 2003-04 | 2.20 | 3.64 | 1.07 | 7.46 | 7.48 | 1.88 | 3.28 |
| 2004-05 ${ }^{\text {f }}$ | 2.56 | 4.34 | 2.48 | 12.02 | 2.45 | 11.95 | 13.65 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ On-tree average price per box ( $1-3 / 5$ bushel box equivalent) for all methods of sale minus pick and haul charges.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Navel and Hamlin $\quad{ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ Parson Brown and Pineapple $\quad{ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ Valencia $\quad{ }^{\mathrm{e}}$ Marsh (white) or pink $\quad{ }^{\text {f }}$ Preliminary
Source: Florida Agricultural Statistics Service.

Table 16-A.--Debt which can be supported per $\$ 1,000.00$ annual payment capacity

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Loan } \\ \text { term } \\ \text { (years) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Interest rate paid on the loan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8.0\% | 8.5\% | 9.0\% | 9.5\% | 10.0\% | 10.5\% | 11.0\% | 11.5\% | 12.0\% | 12.5\% | 13.0\% | 13.5\% | 14.0\% | 14.5\% | 15.0\% |
| 1 | 926 | 922 | 917 | 913 | 909 | 905 | 901 | 897 | 893 | 889 | 885 | 881 | 877 | 873 | 870 |
| 2 | 1,783 | 1,771 | 1,759 | 1,747 | 1,754 | 1,724 | 1,713 | 1,701 | 1,690 | 1,679 | 1,668 | 1,657 | 1,647 | 1,636 | 1,626 |
| 3 | 2,577 | 2,554 | 2,531 | 2,509 | 2,487 | 2,465 | 2,444 | 2,423 | 2,402 | 2,381 | 2,361 | 2,341 | 2,322 | 2,302 | 2,283 |
| 4 | 3,312 | 3,276 | 3,240 | 3,204 | 3,170 | 3,136 | 3,102 | 3,070 | 3,037 | 3,006 | 2,974 | 2,944 | 2,914 | 2,884 | 2,855 |
| 5 | 3,993 | 3,941 | 3,890 | 3,840 | 3,791 | 3,743 | 3,696 | 3,650 | 3,605 | 3,561 | 3,517 | 3,475 | 3,433 | 3,392 | 3,352 |
| 6 | 4,623 | 4,554 | 4,486 | 4,420 | 4,355 | 4,292 | 4,230 | 4,170 | 4,111 | 4,054 | 3,998 | 3,942 | 3,889 | 3,836 | 3,784 |
| 7 | 5,206 | 5,119 | 5,033 | 4,950 | 4,868 | 4,789 | 4,712 | 4,640 | 4,564 | 4,492 | 4,423 | 4,355 | 4,288 | 4,224 | 4,160 |
| 8 | 5,747 | 5,639 | 5,535 | 5,433 | 5,335 | 5,239 | 5,146 | 5,056 | 4,968 | 4,882 | 4,799 | 4,718 | 4,639 | 4,562 | 4,487 |
| 9 | 6,247 | 6,119 | 5,995 | 5,875 | 5,759 | 5,646 | 5,537 | 5,431 | 5,328 | 5,228 | 5,132 | 5,038 | 4,946 | 4,858 | 4,772 |
| 10 | 6,710 | 6,561 | 6,418 | 6,279 | 6,145 | 6,015 | 5,889 | 5,768 | 5,650 | 5,536 | 5,426 | 5,319 | 5,216 | 5,116 | 5,019 |
| 11 | 7,139 | 6,969 | 6,805 | 6,647 | 6,495 | 6,348 | 6,207 | 6,070 | 5,938 | 5,810 | 5,687 | 5,568 | 5,453 | 5,341 | 5,234 |
| 12 | 7,536 | 7,345 | 7,161 | 6,984 | 6,814 | 6,650 | 6,492 | 6,341 | 6,194 | 6,054 | 5,918 | 5,787 | 5,660 | 5,538 | 5,421 |
| 13 | 7,904 | 7,691 | 7,487 | 7,291 | 7,103 | 6,923 | 6,750 | 6,583 | 6,424 | 6,270 | 6,122 | 5,979 | 5,842 | 5,710 | 5,583 |
| 14 | 8,244 | 8,010 | 7,786 | 7,572 | 7,367 | 7,170 | 6,982 | 6,801 | 6,628 | 6,462 | 6,302 | 6,149 | 6,002 | 5,861 | 5,724 |
| 15 | 8,559 | 8,304 | 8,061 | 7,828 | 7,606 | 7,394 | 7,191 | 6,997 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 6,811 | 6,633 | 6,462 | 6,299 | 6,142 | 5,992 | 5,847 |
| 16 | 8,851 | 8,576 | 8,313 | 8,062 | 7,824 | 7,596 | 7,379 | 7,172 | 6,974 | 6,785 | 6,604 | 6,431 | 6,265 | 6,106 | 5,954 |
| 17 | 9,122 | 8,825 | 8,543 | 8,276 | 8,022 | 7,779 | 7,549 | 7,329 | 7,119 | 6,920 | 6,729 | 6,547 | 6,373 | 6,207 | 6,048 |
| 18 | 9,372 | 9,056 | 8,756 | 8,471 | 8,201 | 7,945 | 7,702 | 7,470 | 7,250 | 7,040 | 6,840 | 6,649 | 6,467 | 6,294 | 6,128 |
| 19 | 9,603 | 9,268 | 8,950 | 8,650 | 8,365 | 8,095 | 7,839 | 7,596 | 7,366 | 7,146 | 6,938 | 6,739 | 6,551 | 6,370 | 6,198 |
| $\underline{20}$ | 9,818 | 9,463 | 9,129 | 8,812 | 8,514 | 8,231 | 7,963 | $\underline{7,710^{\text {a }}}$ | 7,469 | 7,241 | 7,025 | 6,819 | 6,623 | 6,437 | 6,259 |
| 25 | 10,675 | 10,234 | 9,823 | 9,438 | 9,077 | 8,739 | 8,422 | $\overline{8,123}$ | 7,843 | 7,579 | 7,330 | 7,095 | 6,873 | 6,663 | 6,464 |
| 30 | 11,258 | 10,747 | 10,274 | 9,835 | 9,427 | 9,047 | 8,868 | 8,364 | 8,055 | 7,766 | 7,496 | 7,242 | 7,003 | 6,778 | 6,566 |
| 35 | 11,655 | 11,088 | 10,567 | 10,087 | 9,644 | 9,234 | 8,855 | 8,503 | 8,175 | 7,870 | 7,586 | 7,320 | 7,070 | 6,836 | 6,617 |
| 40 | 11,925 | 11,315 | 10,757 | 10,247 | 9,779 | 9,348 | 8,951 | 8,587 | 8,244 | 7,928 | 7,634 | 7,361 | 7,105 | 6,866 | 6,642 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Example. Assumes a $\$ 10,000$ after tax income at $11.5 \%$ interest rate and a 15 -year term mortgage, the total debt which can be supported is $\$ 69,970$ $(\$ 6,997 \times 10)$. At $11.5 \%$ interest rate and a 20 -year term mortgage, the total debt which can be supported is $\$ 77,100(\$ 7,710 \times 10)$.


[^0]:    ${ }^{a}$ This is a suggested schedule of practices. Actual practices would not necessarily be done on the exact schedule shown here.

[^1]:    *Reflects the higher cost of fuel; diesel and electricity.

[^2]:    *With organic nitrogen, the price averaged $25 \%$ higher.

